Draw On Sweet Night

John Wilbye

From the Second Set of Madrigals, 1609

Transcribed by Peter Billam

For five Flutes and one Alto Flute

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Draw on, sweet Night, by John Wilbye

John Wilbye was born at Diss in Norfolk in 1574, the third son of Matthew Wilbye, a prosperous tanner, local landholder and amateur lutenist. Within a few miles of Diss was Brome Hall, the seat of Sir Thomas Cornwallis, and John Wilbye's musical talents attracted the attention of the Hall.

In 1593, shortly after Cornwallis' daughter Elizabeth was married to Sir Thomas Kytson of Hengrave Hall near Bury St. Edmunds in Suffolk, John Wilbye was appointed a household musician to the Kytsons, and remained in their service for thirty years. In 1598 Wilbye published his *First Set of Madrigals to 3. 4. 5.* and 6. Voices, containing thirty great madrigals, including the bright *Flora gave me fairest flowers* and *Adieu sweet Amaryllis*, and the darker *Of joys and pleasing pains* and *Alas what a wretched life*.

Sir Thomas died in 1602, but Lady Kytson maintained Hengrave Hall in the same degree of state. In 1609 Wilbye published *The Second Set of Madrigals To 3. 4. 5. and 6. parts, apt both for Voyals and Voices* which contains thirty-four great compositions, including the bright *Sweet honey-sucking bees* and *Stay, Corydon* and the darker *Oft have I vowed*, and number 31, *Draw On Sweet Night*:

Draw on, sweet Night, best friend unto those cares That do arise from painful melancholy. My life so ill through want of comfort fares, That unto thee I consecrate it wholly.

Sweet Night, draw on ! My griefs, when they are told
To shades and darkness, find some ease from paining,
And while thou all in silence dost enfold,
I then shall have best time for my complaining.

The poet has not been identified. This six-part setting lies half way between Wilbye's abstract, purely musical style, and his madrigal style. Together with *The Lady Oriana*, which Wilbye contributed to the *Triumphs of Oriana* collection, and two motets which he contributed to Leighton's *Teares or Lamentations*, these two sets of madrigals constitute Wilbye's entire output and place him together with Byrd, Morley and Weelkes as one of the greatest of English composers.

In 1613 Lady Kytson granted Wilbye a lease of Sexten's Farm, reputed the best sheep farm in the district. Wilbye employed a bailiff to run the farm, and continued to live at Hengrave Hall, but his new interest seems to have ended his composing; perhaps such an activity was not appropriate for the landed gentleman he was now becoming.

After Lady Kytson's death in 1628, Wilbye went to live at the house of Lady Rivers in Colchester. Lady Rivers, a few years older than Wilbye, was the youngest daughter of Sir Thomas Kytson, and had always been a particular patroness of the composer. Her marriage to Lord Rivers had not been happy, and when she left the family seat at St. Osyth she moved to Colchester, some nine miles distant. Lady Rivers' house still stands today, as indeed does Hengrave Hall.

Wilbye died in 1638 and was buried at Holy Trinity, Colchester. He bequeathed a comparatively important estate, mostly to his nephews and nieces. He owned four hundred pounds, and land around Bury St. Edmunds and around Diss. His best viol went to Charles, Prince of Wales, later Charles II.

Peter J Billam www.pjb.com.au/mus



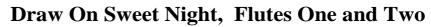




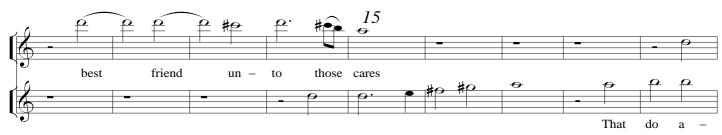




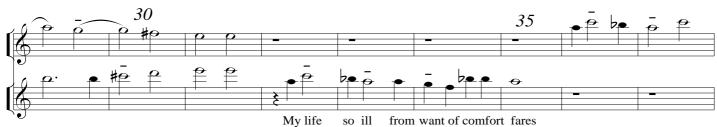










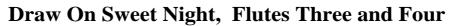










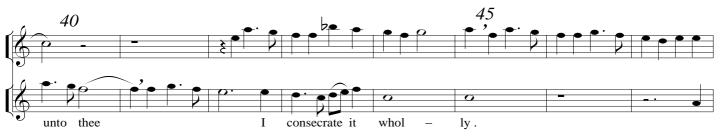








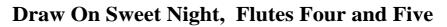






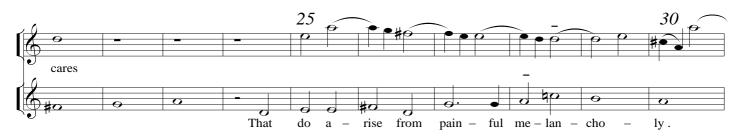


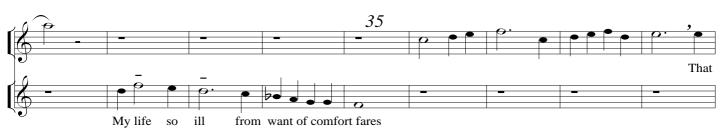


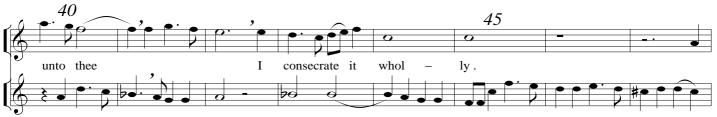














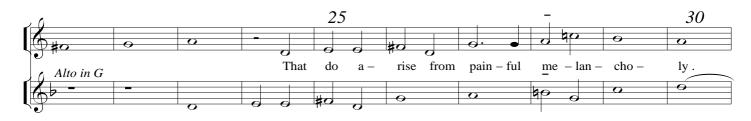




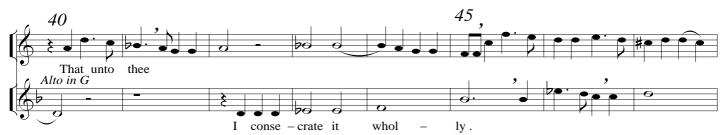
Draw On Sweet Night, Flute Five and Alto Flute

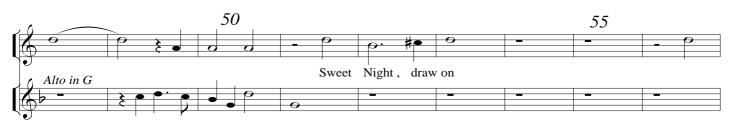
















Peter Billam was born in London in 1948, studied piano, and lived in Switzerland from 1973 to 1983, where he studied composition, classical guitar, flute and voice, worked as Musical Director of the *Théâtre Populaire Romand*, and as recording engineer, record producer and computer programmer. He moved to Tasmania in 1983, lectured in composition at the Conservatorium, conducted recorder ensembles and choirs, studied recorder, voice and harpsichord. He founded **www.pjb.com.au**, becoming the first composer to sell scores on-line, with on-line delivery, taking scores from Composer to Performer in one immediate step. *Www.pjb.com.au* offers a new approach to music publishing. These pieces are **written to be read, made to be played!**

Compositions at www.pjb.com.au include: Five Short Pieces, guitar, 1979; Divisions on an Italian Ground, flute and guitar, 1980; De Profundis and Nacht, on poems by Lama Anagarika Govinda, voice and piano, 1980; Fünf Bagatellen, piano, 1980; Five Rounds, choir, 1986; Go Forth and Multiply, choir, 1986; Three Violin Duets, 1987; Fable, for piano, 1987; To Erich Jantsch, SAATTB recorders, 1988; A Suite of Curves, trombone (or horn) and piano, 1990; Two Recorder Duets, alto recorders, or other melody instruments, 1991; Trombone Quintet, trombone, flute, piano, bass, and percussion, 1994; Three Songs, on poems by Jack Kerouac, Vikram Seth and Dylan Thomas, voice and piano (only the first and third of these are available), 1994; Piano Study, piano, 1994; Four Dances, various ensembles including recorder quartet, string quartet, 1995; The Poet in the Clouds, on a poem by S. T. Coleridge, SATB choir, 1995; Tres Casidas del Diván del Tamarit, on poems by Federico García Lorca, voice and piano, 1997; Three Suites, for the solo line, piano, and piano and a solo line, 2000; Die Zeiten, on poems by Kästner, Bachman and Jünger, choir (only the second and third of these are available), 2000; Three Duets for flutes, 2001; For Four Hands for piano four hands, 2002; Three Preludes for piano, 2003; Second Solo Suite for flute, violin, viola or cello, 2003; Guitar Duet for two guitars, 2006; We Who Mourn for choir, 2007; Trio With Guitar for guitar and two clarinets or two recorders or two violas, 2008; Canons for two- and four-hand piano, 2009; Flute Trio, 2012; Keyboard Studies, 2013.

Arrangements include: By J. S. Bach: Trio BWV 655, piano and flute; Vor deinen Thron BWV 668, piano; Fugue in F minor BWV 689, SATB recorders; Four Duets BWV 802-5, keyboard; Flute Sonata BWV 1031 transposed into G major for alto recorder and keyboard; Flute Sonata BWV 1032 completed by Peter Billam for flute and keyboard, also in C major for alto recorder, and in G major for descant; Ricercare a 3, from the Musikalisches Opfer for keyboard; Ricercare a 6, for sSATBG recorders, or strings, or two keyboards; Fuga Canonica in Epidiapente for keyboard and melody instrument; from the Art of Fugue: Contrapuncti 1, 4 and 9 for keyboard, and Contrapunctus 14 as completed by D. F. Tovey, for keyboard, or for SATB recorders, or for strings; Passacaglia and Fugue in c for piano four hands; Chorales with Descant for melody instrument and piano; Cello Suites I, II and III for flute or alto recorder, Forty Chorales for piano, Der Geist hilft for SATB-SATB recorders. By Johannes Brahms: Fugue in Ab minor for organ, for SATB recorders and gamba, in A minor; Choralvorspiele for organ plus settings by Isaac, Bach, Praetorius, recorders. John Carr, Divisions on an Italian Ground, flute or recorder and guitar. By G. F. Händel: Concerto Grosso in A minor op 6 no 4, harpsichord and recorders; Recorder Sonata in Bb no 5, in G for tenor recorder and keyboard. Claudio Monteverdi, Ecco Mormorar l'Onde, SSATB recorders. By Arnold Schoenberg: Verklärte Nacht for piano. By Franz Schubert: Four Songs, voice and guitar; Dances, recorders and guitar, Dances, piano 4 hands. Scriabin, Two Preludes op.67; Five Preludes op.74, piano. Telemann, Twelve Flute Fantasias, recorder. John Wilbye, Draw on sweet Night, SSATTB recorders, and for flute choir. Twelve Italian Songs, voice and guitar; Fourteen Folk Dance Tunes, recorder and guitar; Bushband Dances, violin, piano accordeon and banjo; Easy Classical Pieces, Bb trumpet and piano.

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